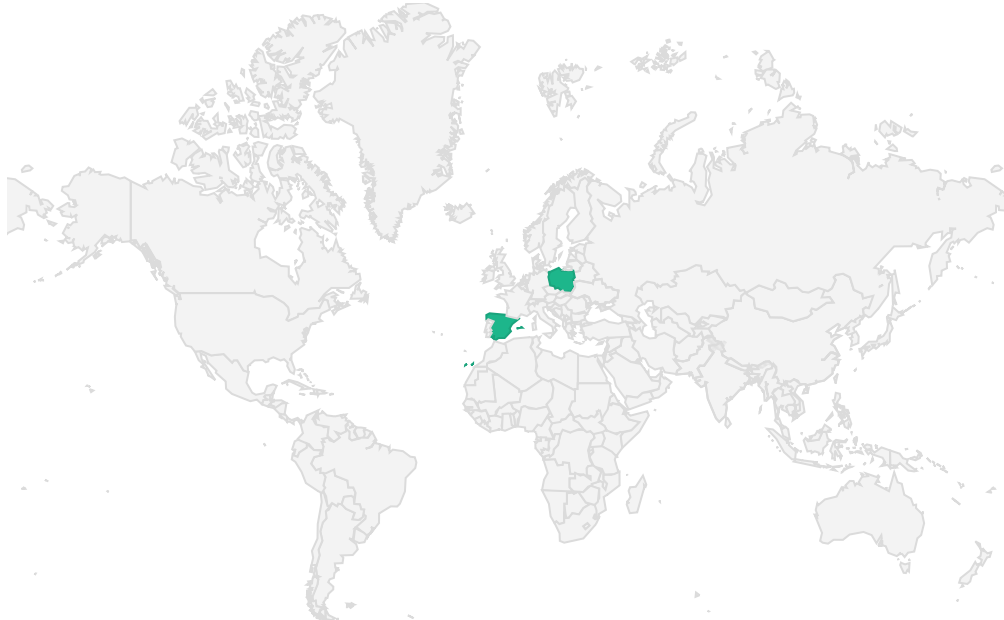


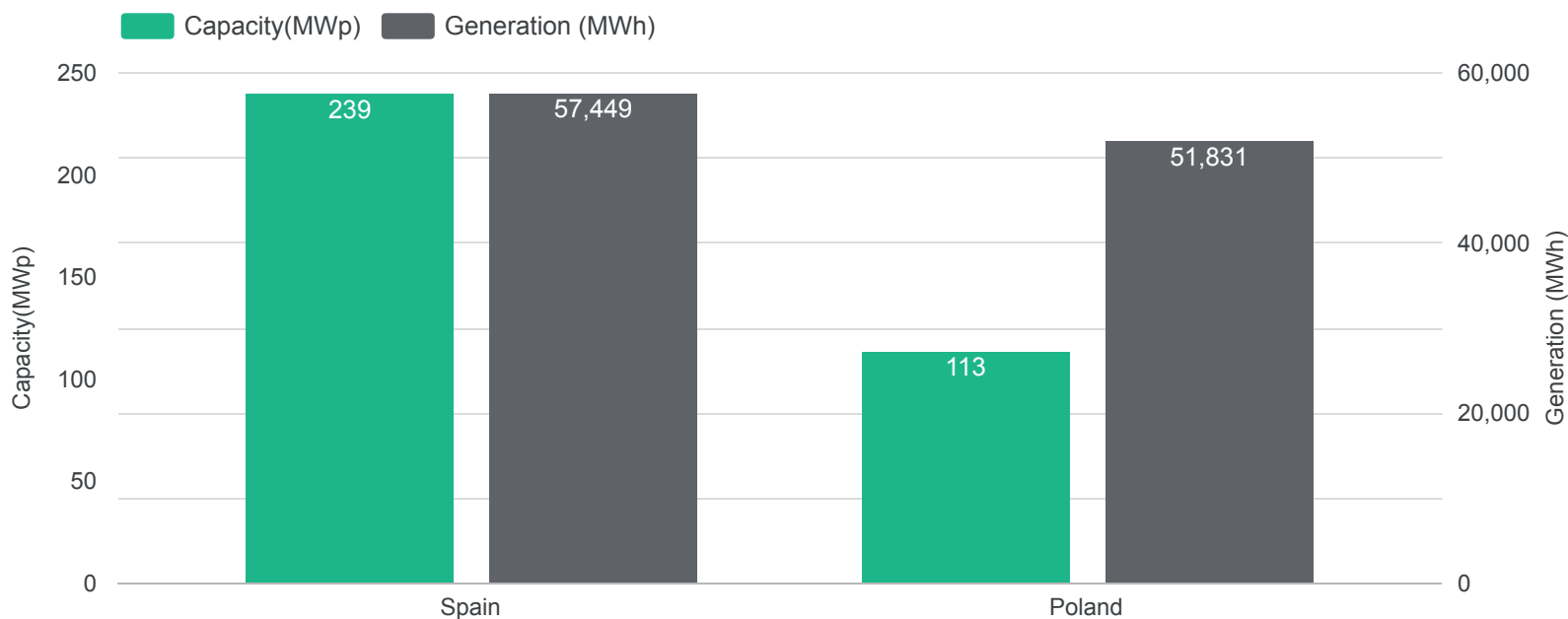
This report prepared by Terra Instinct (“TI”) presents the Greenhouse Gas (“GHG”) emissions that have been prevented from release into the atmosphere as a result of the energy generated by the NextPower V (“NPV”) portfolio. These are known as Avoided Emissions, sometimes referred to as “Scope 4”. The reporting period for NPV Avoided Emissions report covers 1 January - 31 December 2025. The figures reported are not cumulative since the inception of the fund.

The data used in this assessment, which included both asset-level and portfolio-level data, was assessed for Relevance, Accuracy, Transparency, Availability, and Completeness. For the covered period actual meter data provides export and import energy from NPV’s 121 operating solar assets in Poland and Spain, covering a total installed capacity of 352 MWp. Lifetime avoided emissions are forecast using the same generation assumptions that the year-end valuations and fund Net Asset Value are based on.

Projects Location



Breakdown of Total Capacity (MWp) and Generation (MWh) by Country



GHG emissions avoided (carbon dioxide equivalent)¹

	Operating Margin	Combined Margin	
Current performance 2025	66,010	39,581	tCO ₂ e
Remaining lifetime	14,317,010	8,366,529	tCO ₂ e
Forecast annual	311,239	181,881	tCO ₂ e / yr

Other emissions to air avoided (oxides of nitrogen)

Current performance 2025	160	96	tNO _x
Remaining lifetime	24,810	13,404	tNO _x
Forecast annual	539	291	tNO _x / yr

Fossil fuel consumption avoided (oil equivalent, "oe")

Current performance 2025	21	13	Kt oe
Remaining lifetime	4,538	2,652	Kt oe
Forecast annual	99	58	Kt oe / yr

¹The IFI Harmonized Grid Emission Factors were applied to calculate avoided emissions. Both the combined margin and operating margin factors were utilized in this calculation. For a comprehensive explanation, please refer to the NextEnergy Group's [Avoided Emissions Methodology](#).

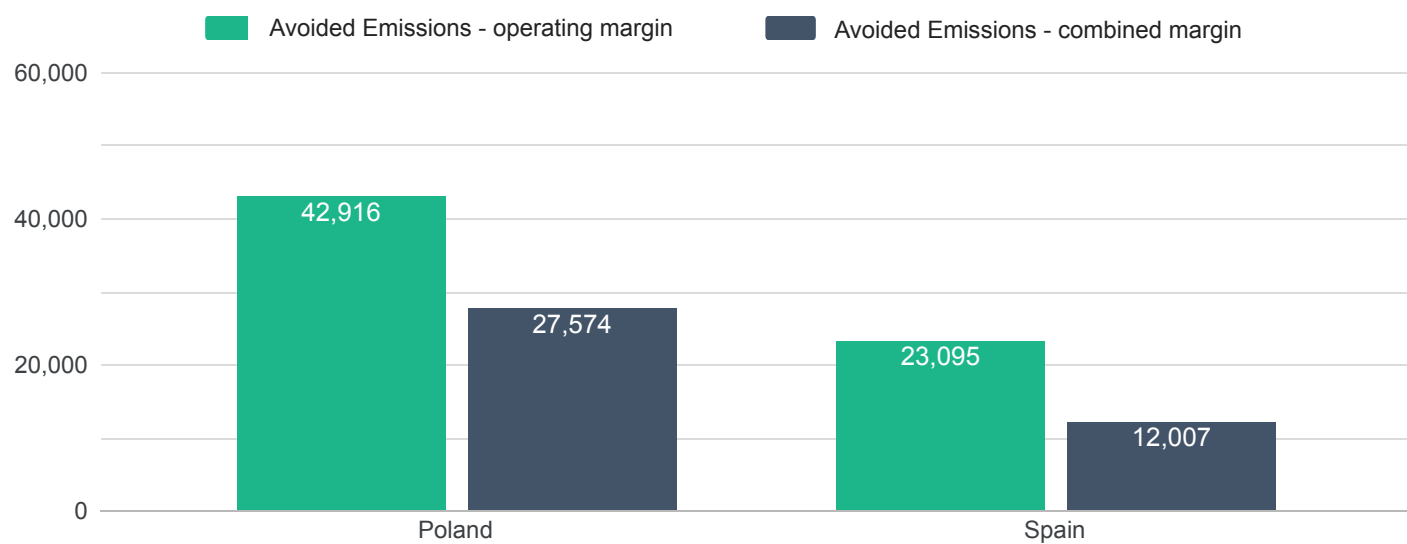
The following section discusses the real-world effects of NPV's portfolio on the environment, focusing on key metrics such as fossil fuel consumption, avoided GHG emissions, and other avoided air pollutants. Please refer to the NEC avoided emissions methodology document for a detailed explanation of how 'Environmental Impact' is defined and measured in this Report.

Annual portfolio performance

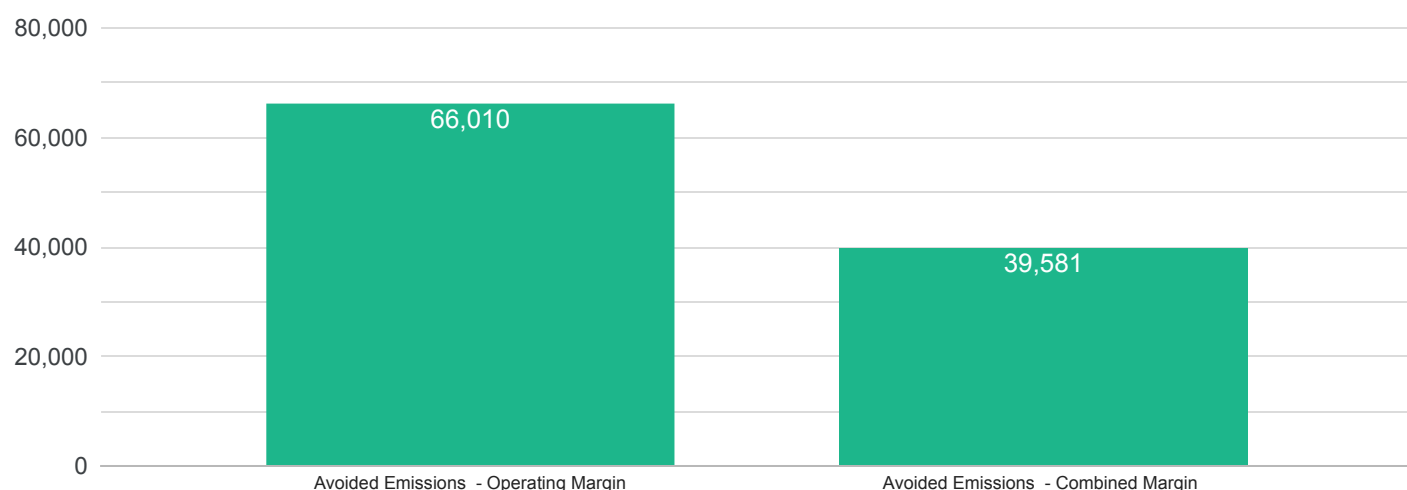
The performance of NPV's portfolio in mitigating GHG emissions is evaluated by contrasting its associated emissions with those of a hypothetical alternative energy generation method, known as the counterfactual. For this assessment, the counterfactual is defined as the emissions that would have been produced by the electricity grids in the countries where NPV has operations (Poland and Spain).

The figure below presents a summary of the NPV portfolio's yearly performance during the 2025 Reporting Period in terms of avoiding GHG emissions (quantified in carbon dioxide equivalent, or CO₂e), preventing the release of other air pollutants and the consumption of fossil fuels, taking cars off the road, as well as powering homes per year equivalent.

NPV 2025 Avoided Emissions by Country (tCO₂e) - Operating and Combined Margins*

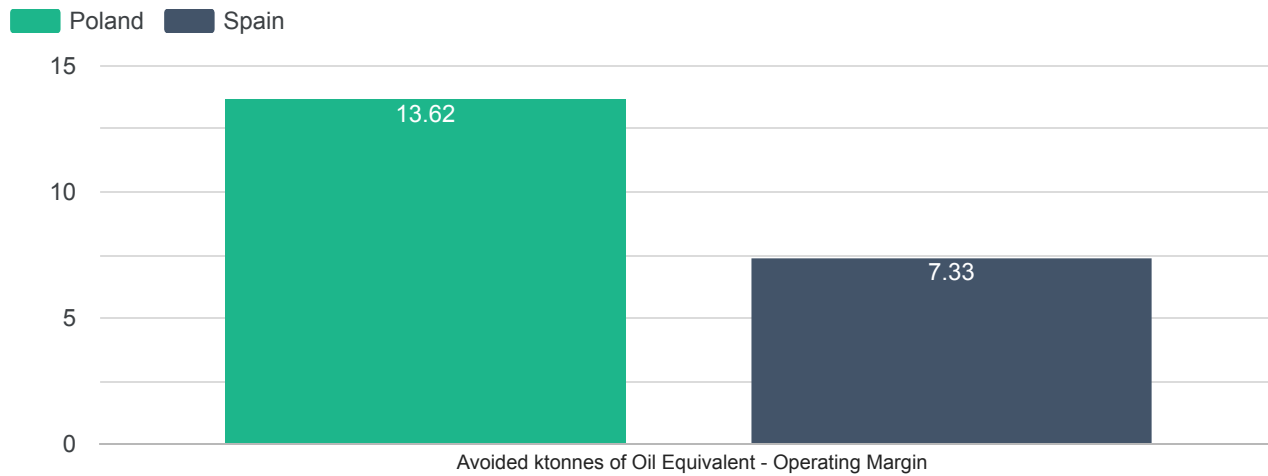


NPV 2025 Total Avoided Emissions (tCO₂e) - Operating and Combined Margins

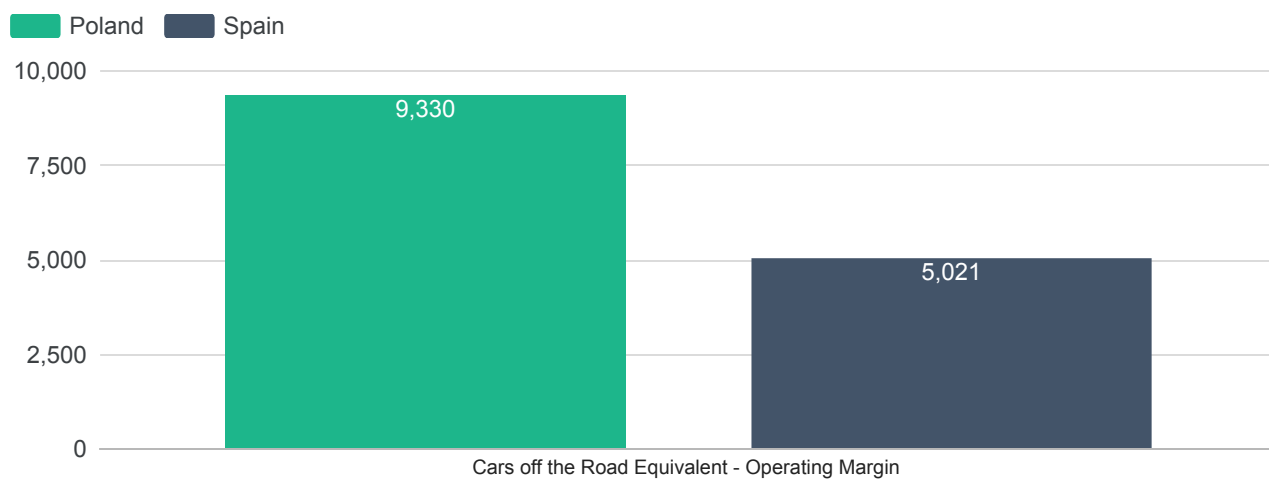


*The presented data of the above graphs is adjusted for equity. The Operating Margin reflects the emissions intensity of the existing power generation mix actively supplying electricity to the grid. The Combined Margin accounts for both current grid operations and future changes in the generation mix.

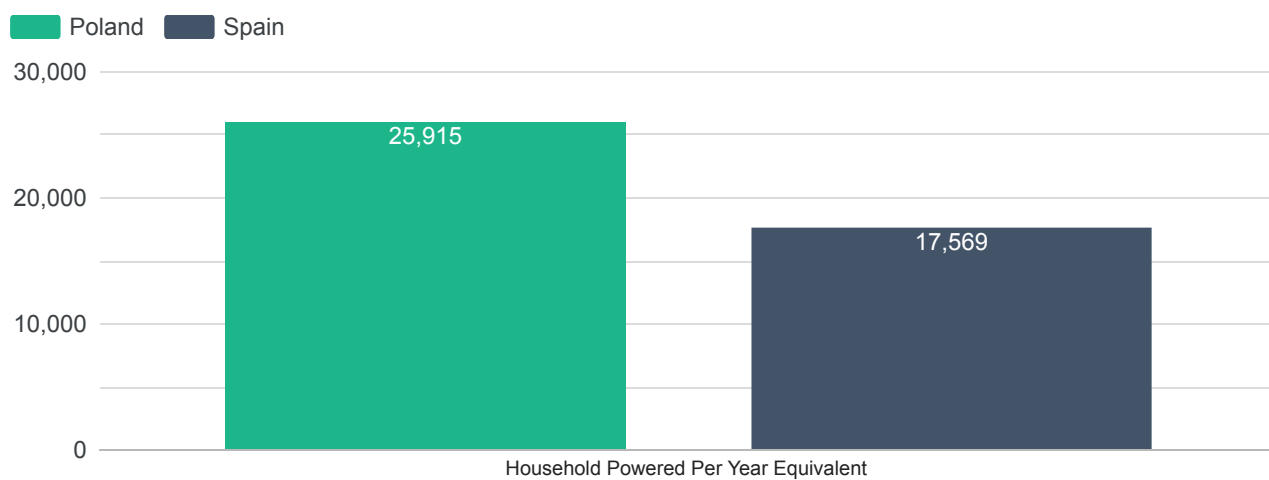
NPV Avoided ktonnes of Oil Equivalent - Operating Margin



NPV Cars off the Road Equivalent - Operating Margin



NPV Household Powered Per Year Equivalent



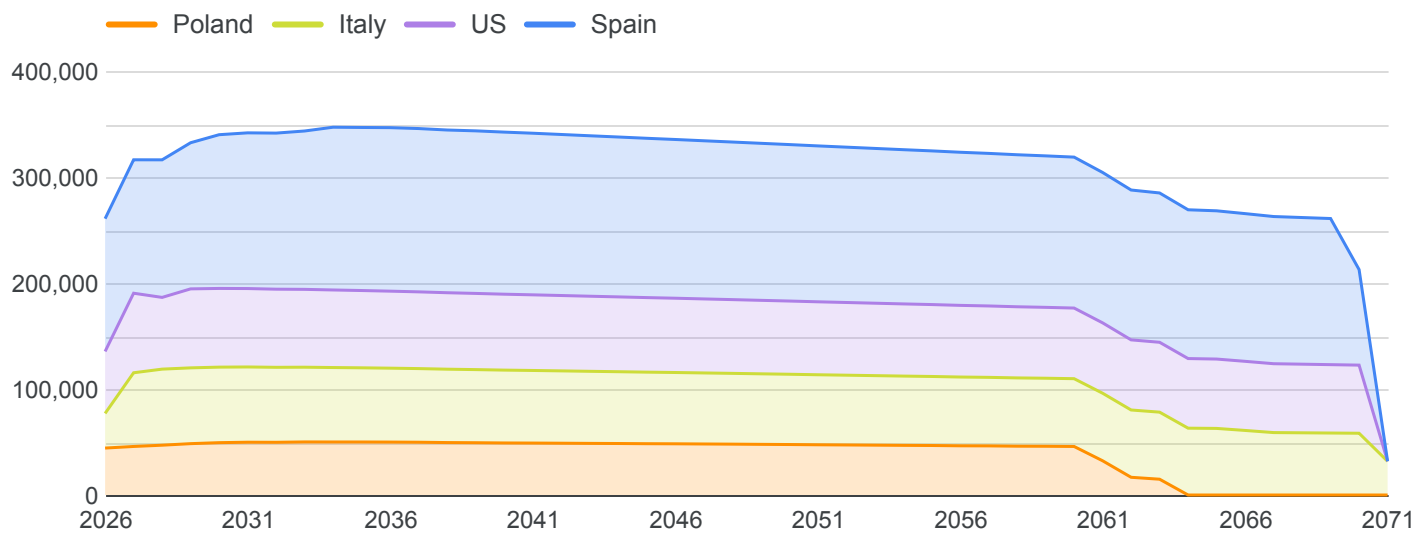
Environmental Performance Forecast - Avoided Emissions (tCO₂e)

It is important to note that the forecasts and the Environmental Impact forecast accuracy are contingent upon the methodology, assumptions, limitations, and methods detailed in the separate methodology document. Please refer to this document for a comprehensive understanding of the factors that influence the forecasts and their accuracy.

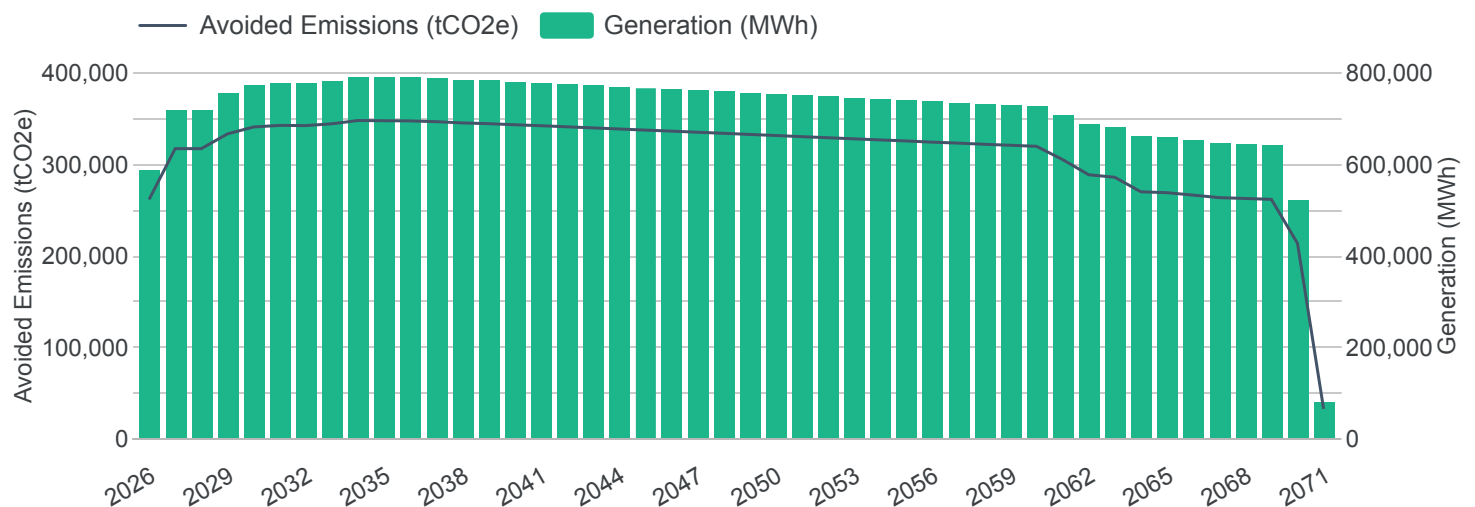
Greenhouse Gas Emissions Avoided - Operating Margin

The projected reduction in GHG emissions is calculated by comparing NPV's portfolio emissions to a reference scenario. This scenario assumes an equivalent amount of electricity generated by the existing grid mix in countries where NPV has invested. Based on this comparison, the NPV portfolio is projected to avoid 311 kilotonnes of CO₂e emissions annually.

NPV Forecasted Avoided Emissions per Jurisdiction (tCO₂e)



NPV Forecasted Avoided Emissions (tCO₂e) and Generation (MWh)



Remaining Lifetime (tCO₂e)

14,317,010

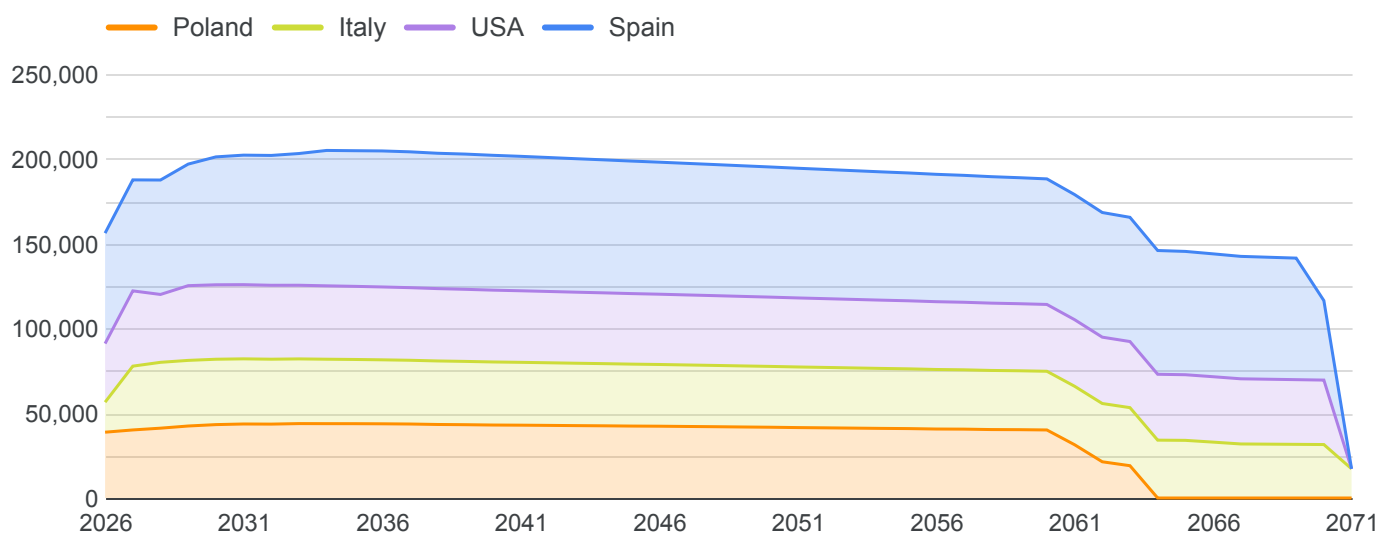
Forecast Annual (tCO₂e / year)

311,239

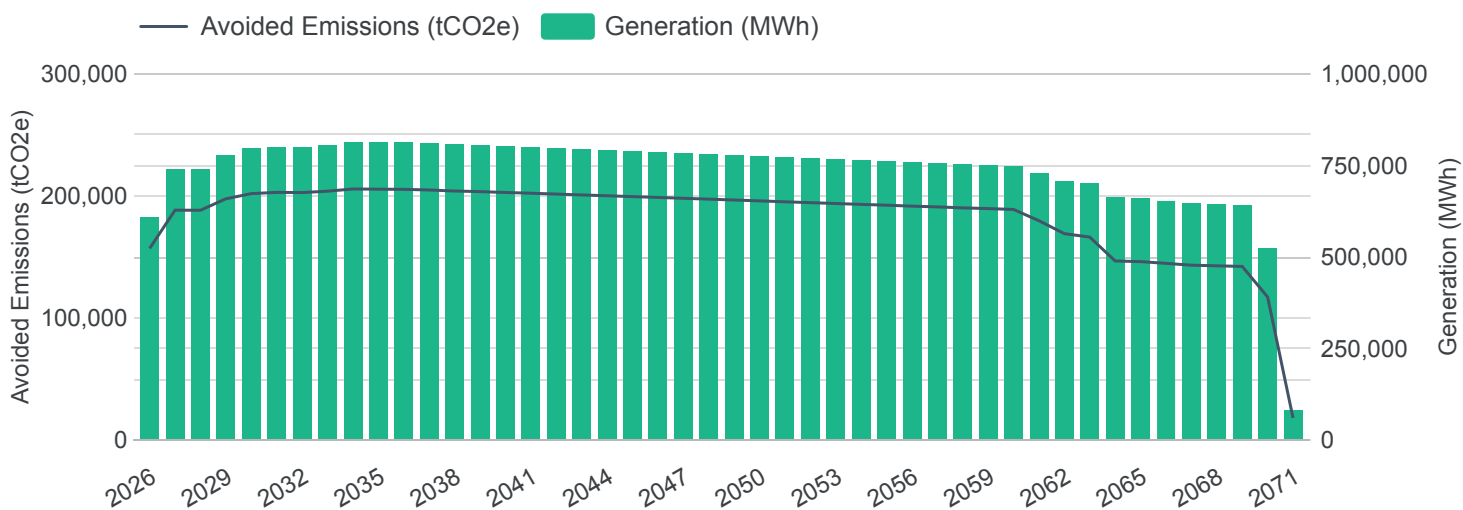
Greenhouse Gas Emissions Avoided - Combined Margin

The projected reduction in GHG emissions is calculated by comparing NPV's portfolio emissions to a reference scenario. This scenario assumes an equivalent amount of electricity generated by the existing grid mix in countries where NPV has invested. Based on this comparison, the NPV portfolio is projected to avoid 142 kilotonnes of CO₂e emissions annually.

NPV Forecasted Avoided Emissions per Jurisdiction (tCO₂e)



NPV Forecasted Avoided Emissions (tCO₂e) and Generation (MWh)



Remaining Lifetime (tCO₂e)

8,366,529

Forecast Annual (tCO₂e / year)

181,881

Fossil fuel consumption avoided

The NPV portfolio is expected to significantly reduce the consumption of fossil fuels compared to the counterfactual method of grid-based electricity generation. The net consumption of coal, oil, and gas is normalized to tonnes of oil equivalent ("toe") for comparison purposes.

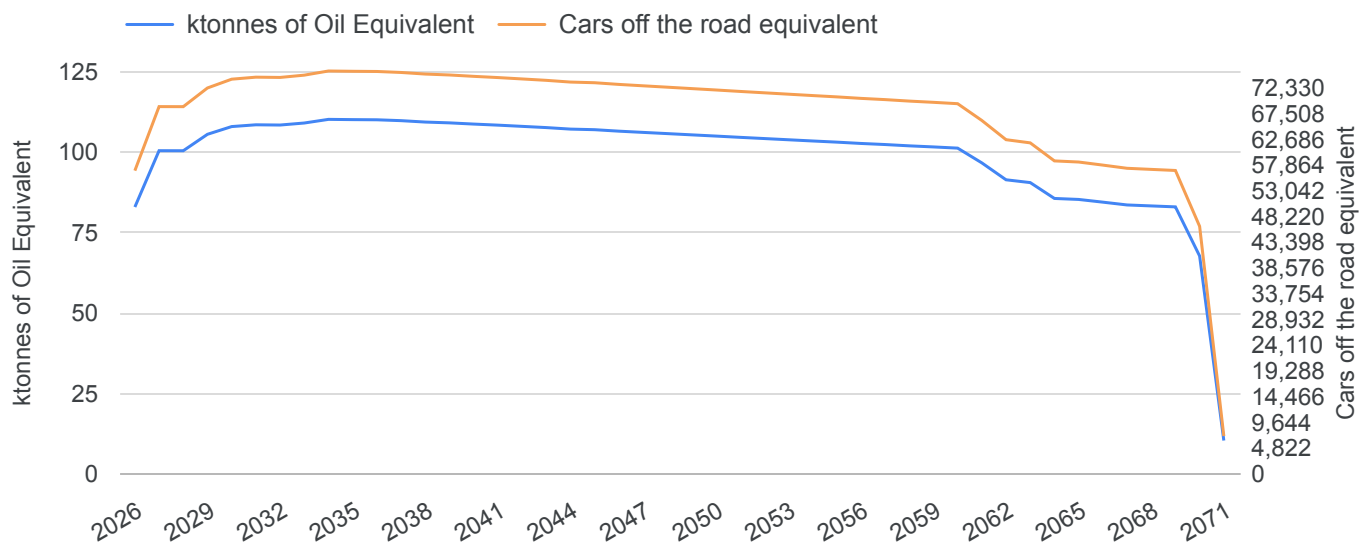
Based on the anticipated generation capacity and performance of the portfolio's assets, it is forecasted that an average of 99 kilotonnes of oil equivalent will be avoided annually. This projection underscores the substantial contribution of NPV's solar investments in reducing the reliance on fossil fuels across the regions where it operates.

Cars Off the Road Equivalent

In addition to the quantifiable environmental benefits such as avoided GHG emissions and reduced air pollutants, NPV's solar portfolio contributes to other impactful metrics that help contextualize its positive influence on the environment.

NPV's environmental impact can be illustrated through the cars off the road equivalent' metric. In 2025, NPV's clean energy generation was equivalent to taking 14,350 cars off the road. Projections for the remaining lifetime of the assets indicate an emissions reduction equivalent to removing 3,109,411 cars from the road. These figures offer another perspective on the portfolio's contribution to emissions reduction and its long-term environmental impact.

NPV Forecasted Environmental Impacts - Operating Margin



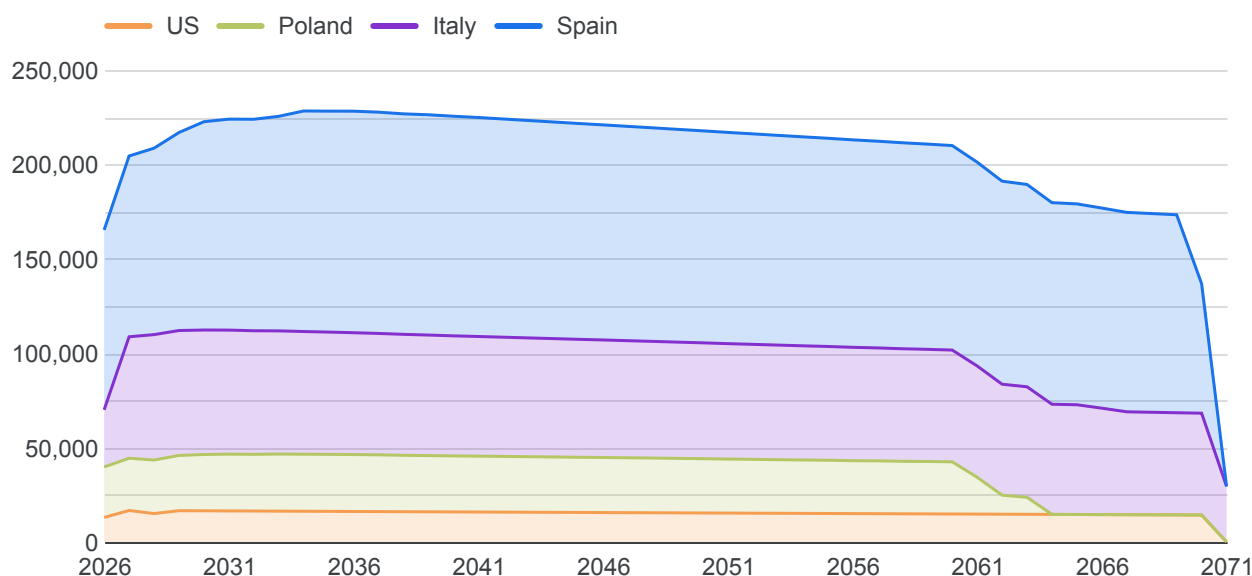
	<i>Remaining Lifetime</i>	<i>Forecast Annual</i>
ktonnes of Oil Equivalent	4,538	99
Cars Off the Road Equivalent	3,109,411	67,596

NPV's clean energy generation can be quantified using the 'homes-powered equivalent' metric.

In 2025, NPV's portfolio generated electricity equivalent to powering 43,484 homes. Projections for the remaining lifetime of the assets indicate a cumulative electricity generation equivalent to powering 9,435,089 homes.

These figures offer a relatable measure of the portfolio's energy production and its long-term impact on residential power supply.

NPV Forecasted Homes-Powered Equivalent per Jurisdiction



Remaining Lifetime

Forecast Annual

9,435,089

205,111